# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Tribol 1730/100
Product code 453506-DE03
SDS no. 453506
Product type Liquid.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems-Industrial Use of lubricants and greases in open systems-Professional

Use of the substance/ Lubricant

mixture For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company

representative.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Castrol (UK) Limited

PO Box 352, Chertsey Road, Sunbury On Thames,

Middlesex,

TW16 9AW Orders/Enquiries: 0845 9645111 Technical Enquiries: 0845 9000209

E-mail address MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**EMERGENCY** Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)

**TELEPHONE NUMBER** 

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word No signal word.

**Hazard statements** H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response Not applicable.
Storage Not applicable.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label Contains Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide,

elements propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl

and Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts. May produce an allergic

reaction.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger

Not applicable.

2,3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification Defatting to the skin.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

ighly refined mineral oil and additives.					
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated, light naphthenic	REACH #: 01-2119480375-34 EC: 265-156-6 CAS: 64742-53-6 Index: 649-466-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	
Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate >5%]	REACH #: 01-2119535109-41 EC: 273-066-3 CAS: 68937-41-7	≤1.1	Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	REACH #: 01-2119978241-36 EC: - CAS: -	<1	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	REACH #: 01-2119555270-46 EC: 204-881-4 CAS: 128-37-0	≤0.89	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]	
Reaction products of 4-methyl- 2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl	REACH #: 01-2119493620-38 EC: - CAS: -	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
(Z)-octadec-9-enylamine	EC: 204-015-5 CAS: 112-90-3 Index: 612-283-00-3	≤0.048	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]	

### See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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(M=10)

(M=10)

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids

should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear. In case of inhalation

of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need

to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the

substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Swarf fires - Neat metal working oils may fume, thermally decompose or ignite if they come into contact with red hot swarf. To minimise the generation of red hot swarf ensure that a sufficient flow of oil is correctly directed to the cutting edge of the tool to flood it throughout cutting operations. As an additional precaution swarf should be regularly cleared from the immediate area to prevent the risk of fire.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

Combustion products may include the following:

carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub> etc.) sulphur oxides (SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, etc.)

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for

fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Contact emergency personnel.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 5 for firefighting measures.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Concentrations of mist, fumes and vapours in enclosed spaces may result in the formation of explosive atmospheres. Excessive splashing, agitation or heating must be avoided. During metal working, solid particles from workpieces or tools will contaminate the fluid and may cause abrasions of the skin. Where such abrasions result in a penetration of the skin, first aid treatment should be applied as soon as reasonably possible. The presence of certain metals in the workpiece or tool, such as chromium, cobalt and nickel, can contaminate the metalworking fluid, as can bacteria, and as a result may induce allergic and other skin reactions, especially if personal hygiene is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name

**Exposure limit values** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated, light naphthenic ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK)). TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/1997

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for

guidance only.

**Recommended monitoring** procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **Derived No Effect Level**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering** controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as "resistant to oil" (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m3), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m3). Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

**Eye/face protection** 

**Skin protection** 

Safety glasses with side shields.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **Hand protection**

### **General Information:**

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

#### Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

#### Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

#### **Glove Thickness:**

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

#### Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Refer to standards: Respiratory protection: EN 529

Gloves: EN 420, EN 374 Eye protection: EN 166 Filtering half-mask: EN 149

Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405 Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter Particulate filters: EN 143 Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** Liquid. Colour Brown. [Dark] Not available. Not available. **Odour threshold** Not available. pН Melting point/freezing point Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

-24 °C **Pour point** 

Flash point Open cup: >150°C (>302°F) [Cleveland.]

**Evaporation rate** Not available. Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure Not available. Vapour density Not available. **Relative density** Not available.

**Density** <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C

insoluble in water. Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ Not available.

water

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available.

**Viscosity** Kinematic: 100 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (100 cSt) at 40°C

**Explosive properties** Not available. **Oxidising properties** Not available.

### 9,2 Other information

No additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible

materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

**10.6 Hazardous**Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Route	ATE value	
Not available.		

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be

delayed following exposure.

**Ingestion** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

InhalationNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

**Skin contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Eye contact No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Inhalation** Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the

respiratory tract.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Eye contact** Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

### Potential chronic health effects

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Environmental hazards** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility Non-volatile. Liquid. Very slightly soluble in water

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

PBT Not applicable.

vPvB Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/

licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste Yes
European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation	
13 02 08*	other engine, gear and lubricating oils	

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

### **Special precautions**

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for

Not available.

user

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not available.

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